

Uni Freiburg, Web Science Group
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Systems Infrastructure for Data Science - Winter 2012/13

Exercise Sheet #12: Web Databases

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1 Social Networks and Map/Reduce

In previous exercises, we have studied how to determine common friends of users A and B on social graph. The assumption has been that these users A and B are already friends. To understand the limitations of Map/Reduce based approaches (including Pig), let us consider the following computations:

- A. Compute common friends of users that are not directly connected (e.g., A is friend with C, B is friend with C, but A and B are not friends)
- B. Determine the set of friends that are also connected by an intermediary friend (e.g. A is friend with B, B is friend with C; result includes B and C)
- C. Is it possible to compute (with Map-Reduce) if two arbitrary users are connected, i.e. they have a path of friends between them? How would you approach this problem?

2 Web Databases

One important issue for Web Databases is the ability to always perform writes, despite involving large, massively distributed data sets

- A. Which use case require such an ability. What additional requirements might they have, and which compromises might application designers want to make
- B. Discuss why there are inherent limits in updating large, massively distributed data set in a consistent manner. One aspect to consider is the CAP theorem. Which other constraints might be an issue.
- C. Describe the general idea of eventual consistency, and what systems and applications can do get specific, consistent versions.