

Exercise Sheet 11

Query Rewrites, Node IDs

Exercise 1:

1.1. Is this a legal rewrite?

```
let $x := <a/> return ($x, $x) → (<a/>, <a/>)
```

1.2. Give a document fragment where `//a/b` could return items which are not in document order if document ordering were deactivated for path expressions.

1.3. In which of the following cases can "=" be rewritten to "eq"? Which additional information might be needed?

```
substring("Hello World", 7) = "World"
```

```
doc('books.xml')/bib/book[author = "Kossmann"]
```

Exercise 2: Node IDs

2.1. Add node IDs to the following document, using one of the following types of IDs. You should assign IDs which maintain document order.

- a. integer IDs
- b. double IDs
- c. Dewey (original)
- d. ORDPATH

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<doc>  
  <Passenger>  
    <name>Santa Claus</name>  
    <passnumber>000111</passnumber>  
    <address>Somewhere</address>  
  </Passenger>  
  <Reservation>  
    <date>2009-12-24</date>  
    <flightRef>LX124</flightRef>  
    <passRef>000111</passRef>  
  </Reservation>  
</doc>
```

2.2. For double IDs and ORDPATH, write the new node IDs for the document resulting from the execution of the following updating query. Note that only new nodes get new IDs: the other IDs remain unchanged. After the update, IDs should still maintain document order. What about integer IDs and Dewey?

```

let $doc := doc("flights.xml")
return
insert node <Reservation>
  <date>2009-12-24</date>
  <flightRef>LX183</flightRef>
  <passRef>000111</passRef>
</Reservation>
before $doc/Reservation[1]

```

2.3. Fill in the following table and estimate the properties of the different ID types:

	Size	Maintains document order	Ancestor/Descendant navigation	Sibling/Before/After navigation	Efficient insertion	Computation intensity
Integer IDs						
double IDs						
Dewey						
ORDPATH						